

KEY BENEFITS

Permit[®] WG Herbicide, with the mode of action halosulfuron, is an excellent choice for control of hard to manage broadleaf weeds in corn and dry beans. Permit is formulated as an easy-to-use, high-quality WG formulation with low use rates. Excellent fit in a program with Treflan[®] Liquid EC Herbicide for dry bean weed control.



TECHNICAL INFORMATION

Active Ingredient	Halosulfuron - Group 2
Formulation & Packaging	72.6% Wettable Dry Granular, 12 x 567 g bottles per case
Mode of Action	Absorbed by roots and foliage, then translocated throughout the plant. Symptoms including stunting, interveinal yellowing and terminal bud death.
Registered Crops	Dry Beans (not Adzuki), Field Corn, Sweet Corn, Popcorn, Seed Corn, sorghum, Proso Millet
Application Timings	<p>Dry Beans PRE: pre-plant or pre-emergence up to ground crack POST: 2 - 4 trifoliolate leaf, prior to flowering (use NIS surfactant POST in dry beans)</p> <p>Corn (all) POST: spike to 10 - 12 leaf (use NIS or COC surfactant in corn)</p>
Use Rates	<p>Dry Beans PRE: 47 g/ha (19 g/ac) POST: 47 - 70 g/ha (19 - 28 g/ac)</p> <p>Field Corn POST: 47 - 93 g/ha (19 - 37 g/ac)</p> <p>Sweet Corn POST: 47 - 70 g/ha (19 - 28 g/ac)</p> <p>Rate is dependent on size of weed at time of application</p>



CROPS

Dry Beans*
Field Corn
Sweet Corn
Popcorn
Seed Corn
Sorghum
Proso Millet
*Not Adzuki

WEEDS

Please see product label for complete list of weeds controlled



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TECHNICAL INFORMATION

Number of Applications	Dry Beans 1 maximum (PRE or POST) Corn (All) 2 maximum
Tank-Mixing	Dry Beans Apply with Eptam [®] in dry beans as a PPI application for enhanced hairy nightshade and grassy weed control Corn Apply with any registered post-emergent herbicides including glyphosate
Weeds - PPI or PRE	Volunteer Canola, Cocklebur, Lamb's-Quarters, Wild Mustard, Redroot and Smooth Pigweed*, Common Ragweed*, Sunflower, Corn Spurry, Common Groundsel, Lady's Thumb, Purslane (suppression), Shepherd's Purse, Pennsylvania Smartweed, Common Mallow, Chickweed, Prickly Lettuce
Weeds - POST	Volunteer Canola, Nutsedge, Cocklebur, Wild Mustard, Redroot and Smooth Pigweed*, Common and Giant Ragweed*, Sunflower, Corn Spurry, Lady's Thumb, Shepherd's Purse (suppression), Pennsylvania Smartweed (suppression), Yellow Nutsedge, Milkweed (suppression), Horsetail (suppression)
Re-Cropping	Immediate: Dry Beans 1 month: Field Corn 2 months: Cereals, Seed Corn, Sorghum, Proso Millet 3 months: Sweet Corn 9 months: Alfalfa, Clover, Potatoes, Soybean 15 months: Cabbage, Canola 18 months: Broccoli, Cauliflower, Lettuce, Sunflowers 36 months: Sugar Beets

*ALS Susceptible Biotypes Only
 Weeds and Re-Cropping tables are partial list only - please consult product label for full list of weeds and Re-cropping restrictions

NULET CONTROL OF NUTSEGE IN CORN

This photo was taken over 1 year after a Permit WG Herbicide application at post-emergent timing. The field had high nutsedge pressure from a spray miss in corn one year prior.

Permit[®] WG the year prior showing nutsedge nutlet control



Permit[®] WG miss the year prior showing the lack of nutsedge control

For more information on Permit WG Herbicide please contact your local Gowan Canada Sales Representative, call 1-800-960-4318 or visit us online at gowancanada.com

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